

**AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd**  
**Kenya**

Special Purpose Restated Financial Statements

FY 2021-22



To,  
The Board of Directors of  
**Aurionpro Solutions Limited**

We have compiled the accompanying special purpose financial statements of **AurionPro Solutions (Africa) Ltd**, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (here in after referred to as the 'Special Purpose Financial Statements').

The Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared and compiled for the limited purpose of facilitating the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of **Aurionpro Solutions Limited** as at and for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to assist **Aurionpro Solutions Limited**, the holding company to comply with the requirements of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').

We have compiled the accompanying special purpose financial statements based on the information received from the company's management and the financial statements duly prepared by the management and thereafter approved by the Board of Directors of the Company as at 31 March 2022.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have complied with relevant ethical requirements.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India.

#### **Restriction on Distribution and Use**

Our compilation report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors of **Aurionpro Solutions Limited** as aforesaid and is not intended to be and should not be used by any, other than the specified parties

For **Bansi Khandelwal & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No: 145850W

**Bansi V Khandelwal**  
Proprietor  
Membership No 138205  
UDIN : 22138205APJCGQ8493



Date: 16/05/2022  
Place: Mumbai

**AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022**

(Rs in Lakhs)

	Note	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
- Property, plant and equipment	3	0.47	0.55
- Income Tax Assets	4	1.41	1.49
		<b>1.88</b>	<b>2.04</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
<b>Financial Assets</b>			
- Trade receivables	5	38.15	108.87
- Cash and cash equivalents	6	84.81	128.75
<b>Other Current Assets</b>			
	7	131.73	114.85
		<b>254.69</b>	<b>352.47</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>256.57</b>	<b>354.51</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
-Share capital	8	65.22	66.42
-Other Equity	9	189.74	136.70
		<b>254.96</b>	<b>203.12</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Non-current liabilities			
-			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
- Trade payables	10	0.46	138.27
Other current liabilities	11	1.15	7.38
Current Tax Liabilities (net)	12	-	5.74
		<b>1.61</b>	<b>151.39</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>256.57</b>	<b>354.51</b>
<b>Significant Accounting Policy</b>	1-2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements			

As per our report attached  
**For Bansi Khandelwal & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. 145850W



**Bansi V Khandelwal**  
Proprietor  
Membership No.: 138205  
Place : Mumbai  
Date : 16 May, 2022



**For and on behalf of the Board of  
Directors of Aurionpro Solutions Limited**



**Director**

**AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd**  
**Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022**

(Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Revenue from operations	13	374.73	337.97
Other income	14	0.45	0.64
<b>TOTAL REVENUE</b>		<b>375.19</b>	<b>338.61</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>			
Operating expenses	15	287.97	300.29
Employee benefits expenses	16	9.87	9.68
Finance costs	17	0.30	0.22
Depreciation Expense	3	0.07	0.02
Other expenses	18	2.25	0.74
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>		<b>300.46</b>	<b>310.95</b>
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>		<b>74.73</b>	<b>27.67</b>
Tax expense:			
(a) Current tax		13.08	19.42
<b>PROFIT AFTER TAX</b>		<b>61.65</b>	<b>8.24</b>
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)		(0.56)	1.98
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		<b>61.09</b>	<b>10.22</b>
<b>Earnings per share</b>			
Basic and Diluted (in Rs.)	19	61.65	8.24
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements			

As per our report attached  
**For Bansi Khandelwal & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. 145850W

  
**Bansi V Khandelwal**  
Proprietor  
Membership No.: 138205  
Place : Mumbai  
Date : 16 May, 2022



**For and on behalf of the Board of  
Directors of Aurionpro Solutions Limited**

  
Director

**AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd****Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2022****(Rs in Lakhs)**

Particulars	Attributable to the equity holders of the parent			
	Equity Share Capital	Retained Earnings	FCTR/ OCI	Total
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2020</b>	<b>70.54</b>	<b>199.49</b>	<b>(13.43)</b>	<b>256.60</b>
Surplus of Statement of Profit and Loss	-	7.83	-	7.83
Foreign exchange variance	(4.12)	(73.95)	16.76	(61.31)
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>66.42</b>	<b>133.37</b>	<b>3.33</b>	<b>203.12</b>
Surplus of Statement of Profit and Loss	-	61.65	-	61.65
Foreign exchange variance	(1.20)	-	(8.61)	(9.82)
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>65.22</b>	<b>195.02</b>	<b>(5.28)</b>	<b>254.96</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report attached  
**For Bansi Khandelwal & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. 145850W



**Bansi Khandelwal**  
Proprietor  
Membership No.: 138205  
Place : Mumbai  
Date : 16 May, 2022



**For and on behalf of the Board of  
Directors of Aurionpro Solutions Limited**

  
**Director**

AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd

(Rs in Lakhs)

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2022

Sr	Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
<b>A</b>	<b>Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>			
	Net Profit before tax		74.73	27.26
	<b>Adjustments :</b>			
	Depreciation Expense		0.07	0.02
	<b>Operating Profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>74.80</b>	<b>27.27</b>
	<b>Movements in Working Capital</b>			
	Decrease in Trade Receivables and Other Advances		44.01	149.53
	Decrease in Trade Payables and Other liabilities		(144.03)	(101.42)
	<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>		<b>(25.22)</b>	<b>75.39</b>
	Income taxes (paid)/ refund		(18.71)	(22.13)
	<b>Net cash (used in)/ Generated from Operating Activities</b>	<b>(A)</b>	<b>(43.93)</b>	<b>53.26</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>Cash flow from Investing Activities</b>			
	Purchase of fixed assets		0.00	(0.42)
	<b>Net cash Generated/ (used in) Investing Activities</b>	<b>(B)</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>(0.42)</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>Cash flow from Financing Activities</b>			
	Dividend Paid		-	(73.95)
	<b>Net cash used in from Financing Activities</b>	<b>(C)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(73.95)</b>
	<b>Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(A+B+C)</b>	<b>(43.93)</b>	<b>(21.11)</b>
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of year		128.75	149.86
	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of year</b>		<b>84.81</b>	<b>128.75</b>

**Note:**

Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report attached

**For Bansil Khandelwal & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 145850W



**Bansil V Khandelwal**

Proprietor

Membership No.: 138205

Place: Mumbai

Date : 16 May, 2022



For and on behalf of the Board of

**Directors of Aurionpro Solutions Limited**



**Director**

## **AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd.**

### **Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **1. General Information**

AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in Nairobi as Limited Liability Company. Its registered office is at LR 1870/1/24, Eldama Park, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Block mara 3, Peponi Road, Westlands, PO Box 45900100, Nairobi

#### **2. Accounting Policies**

##### **(i) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India and in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 to the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 as notified/ amended by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out under Ind AS and in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the services and their realisation in Cash and Cash Equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and financial support as maybe required, shall be extended by associates and / or parent company.

##### **(ii) Use of Estimates**

The presentation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known /materialized.

##### **(iii) Revenue recognition**

Revenue from software development and consulting services is recognized either on time and material basis or fixed price basis, as the case may be. Revenue on time and material contracts is recognized as and when the related services are performed. Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognized on the percentage of completion method under which the sales value of performance, including earnings thereon, is recognised on the basis of cost incurred in respect of each contract as a proportion of total cost expected to be incurred.

Revenue from sale of licenses of software products and other products/equipment is recognised on transfer of title to the customer. Maintenance revenue in respect of software products and other products/equipment is recognised on pro rata basis over the period of the underlying maintenance agreement. Revenue is net of discounts/price incentives which are estimated and accounted based on the terms of the contracts.

Unbilled receivables represent costs incurred and revenues recognised on contracts to be billed in subsequent periods as per the terms of the contract.



## **AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd.**

### **Significant Accounting Policies**

Income received in advance represents contractual billings/money received in excess of revenue recognised as per the terms of the contract.

#### **(iv) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and cost incurred for bringing the asset to its present location and condition for its intended use.

Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress" and are stated at cost.

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of PPE is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### **(v) Intangible assets**

Separately purchased intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of Intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### **(vi) Current and Deferred Taxes**

Tax expense for the period, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the period. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the taxation laws prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Deferred tax is recognized, using the liability method, for all the temporary differences, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised and carried forward only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. However, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward loss, the deferred tax asset is recognised and carried forward only to the extent that it is probable that the assets will be realised in future. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax asset if any.





**Significant Accounting Policies**

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

**(vii) Earnings per share (EPS)**

In determining Earnings per Share, the Company considers net profit after tax and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item. Number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of the shares, excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period. Dilutive earning per share is computed and disclosed after adjusting effect of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any except when result will be anti - dilutive. Dilutive potential equity Shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

**(viii) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets**

The Company creates a provision where there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent Assets are disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

**(ix) Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign exchange forward contracts.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

**Measurement and Recognition of financial instruments**

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values for the financial instruments. The Company has an established control framework with respect to measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses evidence obtained from third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified. When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.



**Significant Accounting Policies**

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If inputs used to measure fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of fair value hierarchy, then fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

**(A) Financial Assets:**

**Financial assets at amortised cost**

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

**Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)**

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

**Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)**

Financial assets are measured at FVTPL unless they are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

**Derecognition**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or it transfers the right to receive the contractual cash flow on the financial assets in a transaction in which substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.



**Significant Accounting Policies**

**(B) Financial Liabilities**

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost. Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

**Derecognition:**

The Company derecognizes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

**(C) Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. The Company is recognised equity instrument at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

**(D) Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

**(x) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances including Fixed Deposits with Banks. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.



AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

Note 3. Property, Plant and Equipment (Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	Office Equipments	Total
<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
Balance as at 31 March 2020	0.25	0.25
Additions/ (deduction)	0.41	0.41
Balance as at 31 March 2021	0.66	0.66
Additions/ (deduction)	(0.01)	(0.01)
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>0.64</b>	<b>0.64</b>
		-
<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>		
Balance as at 31 March 2020	0.10	0.10
Depreciation for the year	0.02	0.02
Other adjustments	(0.01)	(0.01)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	0.11	0.11
Depreciation for the year	0.07	0.07
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>0.18</b>
<b>Net Carrying Value</b>		
As at 31 March 2021	0.54	0.54
<b>As at 31 March 2022</b>	<b>0.47</b>	<b>0.47</b>



	(Rs in Lakhs)	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
<b>NON - CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
<b>NOTE 4 :- INCOME TAX ASSETS</b>		
Advance Tax paid	1.49	-
	<u>1.49</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
<b>NOTE 5 :- TRADE RECEIVABLE</b>		
Considered Goods	38.15	108.87
	<u>38.15</u>	<u>108.87</u>
<b>Ageing of Trade Receivables</b>		
< 6 Months	27.58	89.41
6 Months to 1 Year	-	2.15
1 to 2 Years	10.57	17.30
2 to 3 Years	-	-
> 3 Years	-	-
	<u>38.15</u>	<u>108.87</u>
<b>NOTE 6 :- CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
Balance with Bank	84.81	128.75
	<u>84.81</u>	<u>128.75</u>
<b>NOTE 7 :- OTHER CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Other Advances	55.08	53.13
Prepaid Expenses	76.65	61.71
	<u>131.73</u>	<u>114.85</u>
<b>NOTE 8 :- EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL</b>		
100,000 Equity Shares of KES 100 Each.	65.22	66.42
All the shares held by Aurionpro Holdings Pte Ltd.	<u>65.22</u>	<u>66.42</u>
<b>NOTE 9 :- OTHER EQUITY</b>		
Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve	(5.28)	3.33
<b>Surplus in Retained Earnings</b>		
At the commencement of the year	133.36	199.49
Add: Profit for the year	61.65	7.83
<b>Less: Appropriations</b>		
(a) Equity dividend	-	(67.02)
(b) Tax on equity dividend year	-	(6.93)
At the end of the year	<u>195.02</u>	<u>133.36</u>
	<u>189.74</u>	<u>136.70</u>
<b>NOTE 10 :- TRADE PAYABLES :</b>		
Due to others	0.46	138.27
	<u>0.46</u>	<u>138.27</u>
<b>Ageing of Trade Payables</b>		
< 6 Months	-	137.81
6 Months to 1 Year	-	0.46
1 to 2 Years	0.46	-
2 to 3 Years	-	-
> 3 Years	-	-
	<u>0.46</u>	<u>138.27</u>



AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd  
Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
<b>NOTE 11 :- OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES :</b>		
Vat Payable	1.15	7.38
	<b>1.15</b>	<b>7.38</b>
<b>NOTE 12 :- CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES</b>		
Provision for Tax	-	5.74
	<b>-</b>	<b>5.74</b>
<b>NOTE 13 :- REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
Sale of Software Products and Services	374.73	337.97
	<b>374.73</b>	<b>337.97</b>
<b>NOTE 14 :- OTHER INCOME</b>		
Interest Income from Bank	0.45	0.64
	<b>0.45</b>	<b>0.64</b>
<b>NOTE 15 :- OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Software Consultancy and Services	287.97	300.29
	<b>287.97</b>	<b>300.29</b>
<b>NOTE 16 :- EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES</b>		
Salaries, wages and bonus	9.87	9.68
	<b>9.87</b>	<b>9.68</b>
<b>NOTE 17 :- FINANCE COSTS</b>		
Other Finance charges	0.30	0.22
	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.22</b>
<b>NOTE 18 :- OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
Travelling expenses	0.49	-
Legal and Professional fees	0.49	0.41
Rates and Taxes	0.07	0.74
Short Term Lease	0.69	-
Communication expenses	0.16	-
Printing and stationery	0.33	-
	<b>2.25</b>	<b>0.74</b>



**AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd**  
**Notes to the financial statements (Continued)**

Note 19 Earnings per share (EPS)	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
- Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs in lakhs)	61.65	8.24
- Weighted average number of Equity Shares	1,00,000	1,00,000
- Basic and Diluted EPS (in Rs.)	61.65	8.24

**Note 20 Financial Instruments**

All financial instruments are initially recognized and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between the willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The fair value of investment in quoted Equity Shares, Bonds, Government Securities, Treasury Bills and Mutual Funds is measured at quoted price or NAV.

The fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

The financial instruments are categorized into three levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The carrying values of the financial instruments by categories were as follows:

	(Rs in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2022	
Financial Assets:	Amortised Cost	Carrying Value
Trade Receivables	38.15	38.15
Cash and Cash Equivalents	84.81	84.81
<b>Total</b>	<b>122.97</b>	<b>122.97</b>
Financial Liabilities:		
Trade Payables	0.46	0.46
	As at March 31, 2021	
Financial Assets:	Amortised Cost	Carrying Value
Trade Receivables	108.87	108.87
Cash and Cash Equivalents	128.75	128.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>237.62</b>	<b>237.62</b>
Financial Liabilities:		
Trade Payables	138.27	138.27

**Note 21 Segment reporting**

Disclosure as per Ind AS 108 "Segments" is reported in Consolidated Financial Results of the Ultimate Holding Company. Therefore, the same has not been separately disclosed in line with the provision of Ind AS.



**AURIONPRO SOLUTIONS (Africa) Ltd**

**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022**

**Note 22 Related Parties**

**(A) List of Related Parties :**

- 1 Aurionpro Solutions Limited (Ultimate Holding Company)
- 2 Aurionpro Holdings Pte Ltd. (Holding Company)

**(B) Transactions with Related Parties**

Sr	Nature of Transactions	(Rs in Lakhs)	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
<b>(i) Operating expenses</b>			
	Aurionpro Solutions Ltd	287.97	309.97
<b>(ii) Trade payables</b>			
	Aurionpro Solutions Ltd	-	130.63

**Note 23 Other Statutory Information**

The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for

- 1 holding any Benami property.
- 2 The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- 3 The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

**Note 24 Subsequent events**

The Company evaluated subsequent events from the balance sheet date through May 16, 2022 and determined there are no material items to report.

**Note 25**

The previous year figures have been regrouped/ restated to the extent possible to confirm to current year presentation. Average and Closing Conversion Rate of KShs Currency used for this restated financial statement is INR 0.65 and INR 0.66 respectively. (previous year INR 0.65 and INR 0.66).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report attached

**For Banshi Khandelwal & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 145850W



**Banshi Khandelwal**

Proprietor

Membership No.: 138205

Place : Mumbai

Date : 16 May, 2022



**For and on behalf of the Board of  
Directors of Aurionpro Solutions Limited**



**Director**